

V5 Tag Nanobody Immunomagnetic Beads

Introduction

TargetMol' s V5 Tag Nanobody Immunoprecipitation (IP) Magnetic Beads specifically bind to V5-tagged proteins and can be used for the immunoprecipitation of proteins, protein complexes, protein–nucleic acid complexes, and other antigens. This product is suitable for antigen samples derived from cell lysates, cell culture supernatants, serum, ascites, and more. Nanobodies (VHHs) are single-domain antibody fragments derived from the variable region of heavy-chain antibodies found naturally in camelids (e.g., camels, llamas, alpacas). They represent the smallest known naturally occurring functional antibody unit, typically only about 12–15 kDa, which is approximately one-tenth the size of conventional IgG antibodies. Compared with traditional IgGs, nanobodies are smaller in size, exhibit higher affinity, and lack light- and heavy-chain interference. Their compact structure allows closer access to target epitopes with reduced steric hindrance, while also providing stronger binding stability. In addition, they can be eluted under mild conditions, thereby preserving higher biological activity of the samples.

Features

- No Antibody Chain Interference: Whether using denaturing or non-denaturing elution, the immunoprecipitated products are free from antibody heavy or light chains, facilitating downstream Western Blot analysis.
- Ultra-High Affinity: Exhibits nanomolar-level binding affinity, suitable for low-expression or hard-to-transfect cell samples.
- Strong Binding Capacity: Directional coupling technology allows 10 $\,\mu$ L of magnetic beads to bind approximately 15 $\,\mu$ g of target recombinant protein.
- High Specificity: Validated in over 10 blank cell lines with minimal non-specific adsorption.
- Flexible Tag Recognition: Specifically binds to V5 tag at either the N- or C-terminus of the bait protein, offering broad compatibility.
- Heat Resistance: Tested at 45 °C for thermal stability, ensuring reliable performance during transportation and room-temperature storage.

Product Information

V5 Tag Nanobody Immunomagnetic Beads	
Bead Size	2 µm
Binding Capacity	≥ 1.5 mg V5 Tag Protein/mL Beads
Storage Solution	20 mM PBS, 5% BSA
Application	IP , Co-IP, ChIP, RIP



Instructions

Prepare Reagents

Reagent Formulation	
Washing Buffer (1×)	TBST: 50 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, 0.1%(v/v) Tween-20,
	pH7.4
Acidity Elution Buffer	0.1M Glycine, 0.1% (v/v) Tween-20, pH2.5
Neutralization Buffer	1 M Tris-HCl, pH 9.0

Preparation of Cell Lysates

Select an appropriate lysis buffer to lyse cell samples and obtain cell lysates. Place on ice or store at -20℃ for long-term

Pretreatment of Magnetic Beads

- (1) Vortex for 1 min to resuspend the immunomagnetic beads. Take 20-30 μL of suspension to place in a 1.5 mL EP tube.
- (2) Add 500 μ L of Washing Buffer to the EP tube and gently invert several times to resuspend the beads. Keep the EP tube in a magnetic separator and stand for 1 min for magnetic separation. Finally, remove the supernatant and then take off the EP tube. Repeat the washing steps twice.

Immunoprecipitation

- (1) Add 500 μ L of prepared cell lysates to the EP tube. Place it on a rotating mixer and rotate at 37°C for 30 min. For weak binding, incubate at room temperature for 1 hour or overnight at 4°C.
- (2) After incubation, perform magnetic separation, then remove or save the supernatant for further analysis.
- (3) Add 500 μ L of Washing Buffer to the EP tube. Perform magnetic separation. Finally, remove the supernatant and then take off the EP tube. Repeat the washing steps 3 times.

Elution of Target Proteins

- (1) Denaturing Elution: Suitable for SDS-PAGE detection. Add 100 $\,\mu$ L of SDS-PAGE Loading Buffer to the EP tube. Mix well and heat at 95°C for 5 min. Perform magnetic separation or centrifugation (room temperature, 13000 g, 10 min) to collect the supernatant.
- (2) Acidity Elution: Add 100 μ L of Acidity Elution Buffer to the EP tube. Incubate on a rotating mixer at 37°C for 5-10 min. Perform magnetic separation or centrifugation to collect the supernatant. To adjust the pH of acidic elution buffer to neutral, add 50 μ L of Neutralization Buffer to 100 μ L elution.

Note: Nanobody-conjugated magnetic beads do not have heavy or light chain contamination issues. Denaturing elution is recommended as the first choice due to its higher elution efficiency.

Storage

Store at 4°C for 12 months.

Precautions

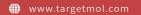
- 1. Avoid freezing the beads. Store in solution to prevent drying.
- 2. The average magnetic separation time should be longer than 1 min.
- 3. Ensure uniform suspension by fully shaking the storage tube before use. Avoid bubbles during operation.
- 4. Use high-quality tips and test tubes to avoid sample loss due to adhesion.
- 5. Test the binding of proteins to beads by using the collected supernatant.
- 6. In IP experiments, the binding affinity of different proteins may vary. Users can select and prepare buffers according to

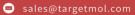


experimental needs.

- 7. The product is for R&D use only, not for diagnostic procedures, food, drug, household or other uses.
- 8. Please wear a lab coat and disposable gloves.

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